An Essay Rusperletully Dubmitted to the Homerepathie Medical College. Pennsylvania. One the first day of February. One therewould light hundred & fifty some. Ohnd M. Brutio. New Trampshire

Gentlemen; In Submitting for your consideration an Essuy when Childred fever, it is proper that I Swould remark that I make no cheim to originality either in the discription or rentment of the diseuse, my knowledge of either has nesserily been abtuined from books, ruther than learned by expressionce or pructice. With Such Authors as were within my reuch I have endeavoured to make myself fumillier, and I shall try to present a cleur exposition of its leading Symptoms, with the busis of a reusonable, and thoroughly Home exputhic treatment; Such

before he assumes the responsibility of conducting a case of labor, to be as well informed upon, as he must be, without the experience that he can obtain only by from tiel,

Swerperul Fever, is generally ushered in with a chilly fit of greater or less intensity, and of variable duration, but this is or dinarally short. This is succeeded by heart of the skin, thirst, plushed face, quickned fulse, and har ried respiration; than is also, generally, suppression of the for chie, or the suppression may have been the first symptom

noticed, at other times, the Lochin continues to flow as use mul, and is Sometimes even increesed; The pain that usenully accompanies these symptoms, is of a most distressing. character, it commences in the hypogustie, or one of the ilive requent, and increases with greate ruprictity as the disense progresses, this pain is however. Mut alwest present, and there are instances on record of a futat termination where no pain was experienced: The heat is ordina neely of Short durutur, and is Succeeded by the nutural tempor Ment of the skin, or in Some in-

Therees by greater coolness; The pain is generally accompanied from the first by tenderness of the hypogustrium which as the influmination proceded, becomes ecquisite, So that the putient is unable to bear the slightest firessure. or even the weight of the bed clathes; The pulse is quick, Small, and wirey. although in mild cases it is sometimes strong and full. Ms respectites veries from 110, to 140. or even 160, in a minute? Among the earlier symptoms, are flutulent distention of the bow. els, or tympunitis, this consists in the inflution of the intestinul tutel, and not ces some have thought.

in inflution of the peritoreal due. the cir or get of which the Swelling is composed, is extricuted from the food, or drink, of the putient, while in a state of formentation, oweing to an impuired state of the digistive force, But this is not all, the alimentury tute, whose outer investment consists of peritoneum, repuses to contract; and the guses distend partions of the tute whose Musculur fibers donot act, or act with so little force as to allow the bowels to become greately distended or completely blown up like a bladder, thus they prequently become So tense as to resound

like a drum upon percussion. This tympumtis often cuuses w distressing dyspenew by pressing whom the diuphraym, and Thus cercumscribeing the action of the lungs. Nausia and vomiting, also, pregnently accompany, or frecede. This disease, the first matter voided is commonly simple myester muced with a little Mucus, afterwards greenish or bilions mutter; becomeing durker us the diseuses progresses until it assumed the appearance of fine cuffic grounds, and is nearly black, This is the black vonit, and is doubtless caused

by the inflummation of that purt of the faritoneum which covers the Stomuch. Ourrhoen is sometimes present although there is more common ly constitution, with Lupres-Lion, or diminution in quan tity of the serine, which is after high coloned, or turbed, Tuerperul fener generally fullows Luhar within from two, to four duess; but it muy Olour either earlier or later, Sometimes it makes its attack even before labor beyons, and in other cuses is deferred until the third week of confinement or even luter;

Among the probable caused which predispose to this diseuse, are, the severe pressure which of ours during the expulsive efforts for delivery, the estreme estention which the membrane has suffered in the last weeks of gestution. The violent evertution of the word thelf by lubor puins, and the complete relucition of the memberune and its adjucent traces fullowing the leisth of the child. The pressure produced by the bearing down of the round in labor is aften to great and to long continued, that an effect anulayous to contusion cunnot

fuil in many instances of Takeing pluce, Since the whole power of the abdominal muscles is expended in propelling the fundus of the worth to wurds the os-uter. Auch contusions would be very likely to be followed by inflummer tion which would readily Spread to contigous portions. Beside these, we have a great veriety of other curses, Such as enting improper food, to early or to free use of cold drinks, chill from a current of air, injuries from the use of instruments, or resulting from meuns used to pracure abortion, the to early

resumption of Sexual intercourse, ratention of portions of the plucentur, Mentat emotions, Such as feur, anger, te, and lust tho. not least, to greate huste to Lit up, In addition to this finer perul feuer is often epidemie, and at such times many phy-Sievens have considered it to be contagious, this however is extremely doubtfull, the bullance of testimony so fur as I cam judge, being against the daetound of contagion. in regard to this however, I think the Sufer course would be that of Mo. Bundeleeque, who looks upon the furts as being apposed to the

doctorine of contagion, yet not as settling the question, and it would be presumptions he thinks to affirm that there is no contagiousness, and that disbelieveing in contagion he would neverthelist hold him Self bound to act in all cases as though contugion were pusible. Be this as it muy thur is unquestionably an epidemie infbuence or atmospherie constitution which, in estendine districts of country, in viluges, and in towns and cities, and especially in crowded lying-in hospitals,

determines by an unknown

force the attack of child hed fever, and So modifies the putte ogenie conditions as to hurry numerous victimes to the grave, and the Martality at such times has been fearfully greate under ald School treutment. From the coincident prevulence of child-bed fever and englipelas. It has been by Some Supposed that There is a unity of causes for the two diseuses, and this I remember aver purticularly insisted repor by hof, Goldsmith, he thought that at Auch times there was no Safety for the puturient women but in flight, and advised that

thuy go to another State; The Dingnosas of this diseuse is not always plain, as it muy be mistaken for Severe after puins, He, He, for this receson it is highly important-to puy particular attention to those puins of which purperal women so after complain, If they go off herfestly leweiny intervals between the contructions, and especially if in thate interouls there is no Seveness of the hypogustrie or iliac regions upon pressure made there on with the hand; or if the women can cough without produceing pain in the hypogather, or if Suddenly drewing up the

thigh, or rotating the lower extremthes, produces no pain in the lower part of the belly, they are of little consequence, but if they donot leave the putient with good interouls of fredom from puin they should be looked to, True ofter puins are also accompuried with perceptuble contructwo of the reteries, which is absent in purperul pever, aguin the con-Stitutional disturbance is much greater in puerperul peuer, and A augments every duy while in hysteratgin it decreuses. Still it is not celwerg easy to distriquish between the two, expeculles in the eurlier Stuyes.

We have this to comfort us that fulure in diagnosis will not lead to duch futat resulto in prietice as under the bloody Amony other meuns of wine ing at a correct conclusion me how pusition, a women who luburs under acute peritorieul fever, is commonly found byeing report the buck with the kneed drawn up, the hands are rurely to be seen crossed upon the abdomen - thuy are lying by the Side, or across the breust. or are employed in holding up the leed clather, whose weight is apt to give puin if pressed when

the belly; Every attempt to put down the legt or to bring them up, or to notate then gives pain, be cause that a contraction of the prous, or iliacies internes, or of the recti, or ablique muscles of the abdomen, gives much puinto the influmed peritoneum, hence the woman lies very still. or if the moved it is with the head and arms, She always endemours to keep the bady and low er limbs quiet, hence the Mere decubitud is important as a dingnostie Lign; Although under Aloputhic trentment purerfuel fever has

proceed very futat; from one third, to two thirds, and wereny times even more of their putrents dieny, Still I think I muy venture to give the Trugnesis, as favourable under ordinary circumstances, with Homoeopathic treatment; Amony the favourable indicutions are, diminution of the respectites of the pulse, increused ability to move herself in bed, the respiration becomes more Slow and deep, the wrine is more abundant, the lochial dischurge returns, thirst dimin ishes, the tumefultion and Leveness of the abdomen becomes

less, and the fruin gradually; ceudes; On the other hund, to find the fulse increusing in rapidity while it also be comed more fealile, with diminished heat of the Members, and augmented heat of the body; to discour a dispusition to hiccough with eruttutions of fluid with the mouth, an antions expression of countainance, high and frequent respiration, with an increased ability to more the legs, and diminished puin on pressure, is to learn that effusion is about tokeing pluce and the paturit will die, there soon comes on

vomiting of fluid, green of first, oftenward black, the putient mutters, She picks the leed clothes, the hunds and feet acquire a livid hue, and are clummy, The pulse becomes Amuller and Smuller, and the putient dies. If the influmnation ends in resolution, the putient recovers, if in effusion She dies; I am wever that many will differ with me in this, and that we have a variety of medseined recommended for the effusion, but when mel consider the extent of the inflamed durfuee, I think the ground for

hope is small after the disense arives at this point; The treatment of puerperal perstonetis; requires close attention on the purt of the physiciun, and he should be upon the watch that he muy recognige it upon its first appeur ance, for its cure is much more Sure and ensey if it is trented soon after its commencement, For this reuson the physician should never leuve his putient without giveing most explieit directions in regurd to his being imediately notified of any chunge for the worse; nor should be trust to this

alone, but should call frequent ly, and be minute in his en quires as long as there is any The hygenic trentment consists in a strict diet if the putient does not musse, and in very light food if the does; and here I will remerk that it is always better for her to do so if posible, as it will be benificial to the mother, and will not as many Suppose, injure the child; tepid wutery, drinks are allowed, and their should be an absolute repose of bady and mind; The most common remidies in

ust in this disease are Acon, Bell, Bry, Mere, Chum, Mur hom, Colve, Hyers, Am, Chus, Plut, and Sulp, In the commencement us in all other inflummitury diseuses, the first remide, is, Acouste, the indications for its use are, violent fevisi, with dry and burnings heat, great desire for cold drinks, redness and heat in the fuce. Oppressed and mouning respiration, great Sensetweness to puin, with restlesness, and peur of deuth; of Acon, does not prove Sufficient or if we were not called eurly enough for the exibition of Acon,

it is probable that Bry, or Bell, will be indicated; Belleedonne, if there is great distention of the abdomen, with tympeintic resonance on percussion, pain as if the bowels were grusped by claws or mails, violent pressure toward the genitut or guns, redness of the feel and eyes, throbbing of the curotides, Spusms in the funces, delireum with profound sleep, or wunt of Alech, Awallen and influenmed brecests, wherene hemoverys Chumomiller, flubby and empty breusts, with whiteigh diurrhouse, Scurity lochiu, cholie like lubor puins, necturnul aggresortion of the

lochin becomes bloady, with evecuation of cluts of blood, Mercury, in cases where Bell, is not Sufficient, or in atternution with it, especially if the cereberal symptoms are less marked than the abdominul, Hellowish or earthy countainere. profuse ptejutism, bloody stool with tenesmus, durk putrid wrine, prupuse Swent, and nightly aggrandtwins; Muce Vomice, when the lathin disuppeurs suddenly with a Sens. etien of heweiness and burning in the genital organs, or to propule le chie with pain in the buck, Stranguery and burn-

ing when urinutny, constipution, neusin and voniting, redness of the fuce, rheumutic hains, or numberes of the Thight and leys, confussion of the head, or headache with ourtigo, tinkling in the eurs with Syncope, or where the putient has induliged in the use of ardent Spirits; Megesiumus, if Bell, is not sufficient for the cerebral and typhoid symptoms, with fright full visiens, or loss of conciousness, frequent dischurge of courtuluted blood, convuldions, and Spusms in the throat; Mutina, excited sexual inst-

tinot? or nymphomunici, with voluptous crowling in the parts, dischury of thick black blood, hend ache, restlesmis, and weeping, it is especially suited to women of a proud disposition; Bulphur, dutable for women who are subject to chronic eruptions, or where we recognize prove as a freedisposeing cause, or where the medicines best indicuted by the Symptoms remain with out effect, or produce in complete results; Arnicu, where the inplummution results from injuries; If bluck vinit Letts in, the hest remidies are, the Sub Mi-

trute of Bismuth, Withute of diluer, a Verutrum; If the tegrapunitis proves ob-Stinute it muy often be releived by pussing a cuthater above the Spirehter ani? But the vocation of the physician consists not alone in meeting out drugs and medicine, muny w life muy be saved by meuns of the Supporting consolutions, and the recovering exhartations, that muy full from the lips of a medicul mun who is known to be worthy of confidence and The function of the true phy-Sieun goes beyond the men etibition of his dases, there is a power in his presence, and in his deportment; and there is in the expression of his apinion, and in his dicision, a real power over the mind and budy of his putient, more true, and more useful than the varietied mesmeric force.